

Shannon Christenot

Mortgage Broker Los Angeles CA, HomePlus Mortgage NMLS 278136 Cal BRE 01848925 700 Flower St #1000 Los Angeles, CA 90017 Office: (818) 601-2231 Fax: (818) 301-2200

shannon@shannonchristenot.com

View My Website

Fed Won't Move Its Rate, But Rates Could Still Move

In and of itself, this week wasn't too bad for mortgage rates. Things got a bit worse overall, but the change from last week was minimal with the average lender moving up 0.07% from last Friday. There's a decent cushion between current levels and the long-term highs last month. Even the late 2022 highs were a bit higher. That said, when you put it all on a long-term chart, things don't look great.



Mortgage rates are often compared to 10yr Treasury yields because the two tend to move in very similar fashion. The assessment of the 10yr is a bit less optimistic. Yields ended Friday at their 2nd highest closing level since 2007 and repeatedly pushed up against the 4.34% level during the day (4.336% to be fair).

National Average Mortgage Rates



	Rate	Change	Points
Mortgage News I	Daily		
30 Yr. Fixed	7.09%	+0.07	0.00
15 Yr. Fixed	6.56%	+0.03	0.00
30 Yr. FHA	6.62%	+0.07	0.00
30 Yr. Jumbo	7.35%	+0.04	0.00
5/1 ARM	7.30%	+0.06	0.00
Freddie Mac			
30 Yr. Fixed	7.02%	-0.42	0.00
15 Yr. Fixed	6.28%	-0.48	0.00
Rates as of: 5/17			

Market Data

	Price / Yield	Change
MBS UMBS 6.0	100.40	-0.15
MBS GNMA 6.0	100.78	+0.04
10 YR Treasury	4.4223	+0.0454
30 YR Treasury	4.5610	+0.0549
Pricing as of: 5/17 5:59PM EST		

Recent Housing Data

		Value	Change
Mortgage Apps	May 15	198.1	+0.51%
Building Permits	Mar	1.46M	-3.95%
Housing Starts	Mar	1.32M	-13.15%
New Home Sales	Mar	693K	+4.68%
Pending Home Sales	Feb	75.6	+1.75%
Existing Home Sales	Feb	3.97M	-0.75%
Builder Confidence	Mar	51	+6.25%

© 2024 MBS Live, LLC. - This newsletter is a service of MarketNewsletters.com.

The interest rates provided in this newsletter are national averages from independent data sources. Rate/APR terms may differ from those listed above based on the creditworthiness of the borrower. All information provided "as is" for informational purposes only, not intended for trading purposes or financial advice.



4.34% is where the 10yr ended on August 21st. It remains the highest daily closing level since 2007 so repeated flirtation is important. When a bond yield (or any other financial market security, for that matter) exhibits this bouncy behavior around a previous extreme, it becomes known as a "technical level" by a large portion of the trading community.

Technical levels go by many names (key level, pivot point, inflection point, or simply "ceiling"). A technical level can be a ceiling if it acts like a ceiling, but it can be an inflection point if it is subsequently broken.

Some traders think they're quite important while others couldn't care less. But even the non-believers are at least aware that other traders are aware of obvious technical levels. Because of that, any big bounce or breakout involving such a level can receive a bit of extra momentum. And 9 times out of 10, a big motivation for 10yr yields is a similarly big motivation for mortgage rates.

4.34% stands a good chance of seeing a clear bounce or breakout surrounding next week's Fed announcement. That, in and of itself, may not matter too much. Yields often spend much more time flirting with floors and ceilings before making up their mind.



The Fed doesn't directly control longer term rates like mortgages or the 10yr Treasury yield, but it does set the shortest term rate, thus providing an anchor for everything else.

The Fed is not expected to change its rate this time around, but even when the anchor holds steady, the Fed can say things that cause hope and fear about how the anchor might move in the future. In turn, this can cause movement in other ratessometimes significant movement.

Despite the higher potential for volatility, the Fed's anchor moving game plan is ultimately dependent on economic developments. The motion of that ocean has rates feeling queasy recently as most of the data has come out stronger than expected.

Strong data is technically a good thing. A strong economy means plentiful jobs, income, and spending. But when the economy is too strong, and when that strength coincides with higher prices, the Fed steps in to raise short term rates in the hopes of making everything so expensive that people can't buy as much stuff, thus cooling the economy back down to a more sustainable pace of growth.

There is broad disagreement among market experts about whether the Fed has already done enough to accomplish this goal. Some think rates need to be cut immediately (won't happen). Others think the Fed needs to hike again at this meeting (won't happen). And most think the Fed will hold steady (will happen). What no one can truly know right now is how long the Fed needs to hold steady before doing something else. Nonetheless, several reporters will likely ask different versions of that question to Fed Chair Powell in the press conference that follows Wednesday's announcement.

In addition to--and perhaps more important than--the announcement or the press conference, the Fed also releases its quarterly update on economic forecasts. This includes the famous "dot plot" that shows where each Fed member views the Fed Funds Rate at various points in the coming year. Even though Powell frequently downplays the significance of the proverbial "dots," markets nonetheless view them as a veritable navigational chart for future anchor movement. At the very least, it lets traders know how the Fed's assessment is evolving in light of new economic data.

Subscribe to my newsletter online at: http://mortgagenewsletters.org/schristenot

© 2024 MBS Live, LLC. - This newsletter is a service of MarketNewsletters.com.

The interest rates provided in this newsletter are national averages from independent data sources. Rate/APR terms may differ from those listed above based on the creditworthiness of the borrower. All information provided "as is" for informational purposes only, not intended for trading purposes or financial advice.

Recent Economic Data

Date	Event	Actual	Forecast	Prior
Tuesday, Sep 12				
6:00AM	Aug NFIB Business Optimism Index	91.3	91.6	91.9
Wednesday, Sep 13				
7:00AM	Sep/08 MBA Refi Index	367		388.1
7:00AM	Sep/08 MBA Purchase Index	143.7		141.9
8:30AM	Aug m/m CORE CPI (%)	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%
8:30AM	Aug m/m Headline CPI (%)	0.6%	0.6%	0.2%
8:30AM	Aug y/y CORE CPI (%)	4.3%	4.3%	4.7%
8:30AM	Aug y/y Headline CPI (%)	3.7%	3.6%	3.2%
Thursday,	Sep 14			
8:30AM	Aug Core Producer Prices MM (%)	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%
8:30AM	Aug Core Producer Prices YY (%)	2.2%	2.2%	2.4%
8:30AM	Aug Retail Sales (%)	0.6%	0.2%	0.7%
8:30AM	Sep/09 Jobless Claims (k)	220K	225K	216K
10:00AM	Jul Business Inventories (%)	0%	0.1%	0%
Friday, Se	o 15			
8:30AM	Aug Import prices mm (%)	0.5%	0.3%	0.4%
8:30AM	Sep NY Fed Manufacturing	1.9	-10	-19
9:15AM	Aug Industrial Production (%)	0.4%	0.1%	1%
10:00AM	Sep Consumer Sentiment (ip)	67.7	69.1	69.5
10:00AM	Sep Sentiment: 1y Inflation (%)	3.1%		3.5%
10:00AM	Sep Sentiment: 5y Inflation (%)	2.7%		3%
Monday, S	ep 18			
10:00AM	Sep NAHB housing market indx	45	50	50
Tuesday, Sep 19				
8:30AM	Aug Housing starts number mm (ml)	1.283M	1.44M	1.452M
8:30AM	Aug Building permits: number (ml)	1.543M	1.443M	1.443M
Wednesday, Sep 20				
7:00AM	Sep/15 MBA Refi Index	415.4		367
7:00AM	Sep/15 MBA Purchase Index	147		143.7
2:00PM	Fed Interest Rate Decision	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%
2:00PM	FOMC Economic Projections			
2:30PM	Fed Press Conference			
Thursday, Sep 21				
8:30AM	Sep/16 Jobless Claims (k)	201K	225K	220K
8:30AM	Sep Philly Fed Business Index	-13.5	-0.7	12
10:00AM	Aug Exist. home sales % chg (%)	-0.7%		-2.2%

Event Importance:

No Stars = Insignificant

☆ Low

★ Moderate

mportant

★★ Very Important

The interest rates provided in this newsletter are national averages from independent data sources. Rate/APR terms may differ from those listed above based on the creditworthiness of the borrower. All information provided "as is" for informational purposes only, not intended for trading purposes or financial advice.

 $^{\ \}odot$ 2024 MBS Live, LLC. - This newsletter is a service of $\ \underline{\mathsf{MarketNewsletters.com.}}$

Date	Event	Actual	Forecast	Prior
10:00AM	Aug Existing home sales (ml)	4.04M	4.1M	4.07M
Friday, Sep 22				
9:45AM	Sep S&P Global Services PMI	50.2	50.6	50.5

About Your Los Angeles Mortgage Broker

Shannon's expertise in residential mortgage lending spans more than 20 years. Beginning on the ground floor of the wholesale side of lending, Shannon subsequently succeeded as a loan officer, account manager, and account executive while working for one of the nation's largest mortgage lenders. In contrast to those who chose to leave the mortgage industry when the Los Angeles housing market began to spiral in 2008; Shannon's passion for helping others to become homeowners remained firmly intact. In fact the changes in the market and new lending laws made her want to help homebuyers to navigate the new rules of real estate lending more than ever. As such, she chose to transition to the retail side of real estate financing in effort to work closer with families, veterans, and those who had previous financial hardships to achieve their goals of home ownership. As a homeowner and real estate investor, Shannon's personal experience in obtaining mortgage loans for her own purchases is extensive. She has bought and sold multiple properties and continues to invest in real estate throughout Los Angeles County. Shannon's specialization and breadth of experience in real estate purchase loans enables her to offer standard/conventional loans, government loans, hard money loans, and specialty/portfolio products.

Shannon Christenot

