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## The Fed Did NOT Cut Mortgage Rates, But Trump Tried!

On the morning after this week's Fed rate cut, mortgage rates were roughly unchanged versus the previous morning. This will come as a **surprise** to scores of consumers who mistakenly believe the Fed's 0.25% rate cut equates to a 0.25% drop in ALL rates.

The Fed **only** sets its **own** "Fed Funds Rate" which governs overnight lending between big banks. The only direct effect on the mortgage market would be a 0.25% drop in many Home Equity Lines of Credit (HELOCs), which are based on the Fed's rate. The vast majority of mortgages, however, are determined by **other** parts of the financial market.

In fact, mortgages actually "turn into" securities that are traded in financial markets as a part of the process that makes them safer and easier for investors to buy (securitization). Those securities trade just like other securities, for the most part (e.g. stocks, bonds, etc.), and it's the price movement of **those** securities that most directly dictates mortgage rates. **Shockingly** enough, these are known as Mortgage-Backed Securities (MBS).

**Unlike** the Fed Funds Rate, which can only change once every 6 weeks, longer-term rate-bearing securities (like MBS and US Treasuries) can change **every minute** of every business day. They've been doing just that for months as market anticipation for the Fed rate cut has increased. Simply put, the Fed rate cut has long since had its impact on mortgage rates. After all, if a security can move in real time, and if the market was 100% sure the Fed was going to cut at least 0.25%, traders would have been foolish NOT to get in position.

This isn't a unique occurrence. Rates ALWAYS get in position for Fed rate cuts/hikes like this week's because the Fed is sure to telegraph its intention when it's making the first big change in a long time (this was the first rate cut since 2008!). In late 2015, when the Fed hiked rates for the first time since 2006, it was the same story, but in the opposite direction.

## National Average Mortgage Rates



|                            | Rate  | Change | Points |
|----------------------------|-------|--------|--------|
| <b>Mortgage News Daily</b> |       |        |        |
| 30YR Fixed                 | 7.27% | -0.02  | 0.00   |
| 15YR Fixed                 | 6.92% | -0.03  | 0.00   |
| 30YR FHA                   | 6.90% | -0.01  | 0.00   |
| 30YR Jumbo                 | 7.55% | 0.00   | 0.00   |
| 7/6 SOFR                   | 6.78% | -0.10  | 0.00   |
| 30YR VA                    | 6.91% | -0.01  | 0.00   |

Rates as of: 10/30

## MBS and Treasury

|                | Price / Yield | Change  |
|----------------|---------------|---------|
| MBS UMBS 6.0   | 99.81         | -0.02   |
| 10 YR Treasury | 4.9299        | +0.0084 |
| 30 YR Treasury | 5.3082        | +0.0081 |

Pricing as of: 10/30 5:59PM EST

## Recent Housing Data

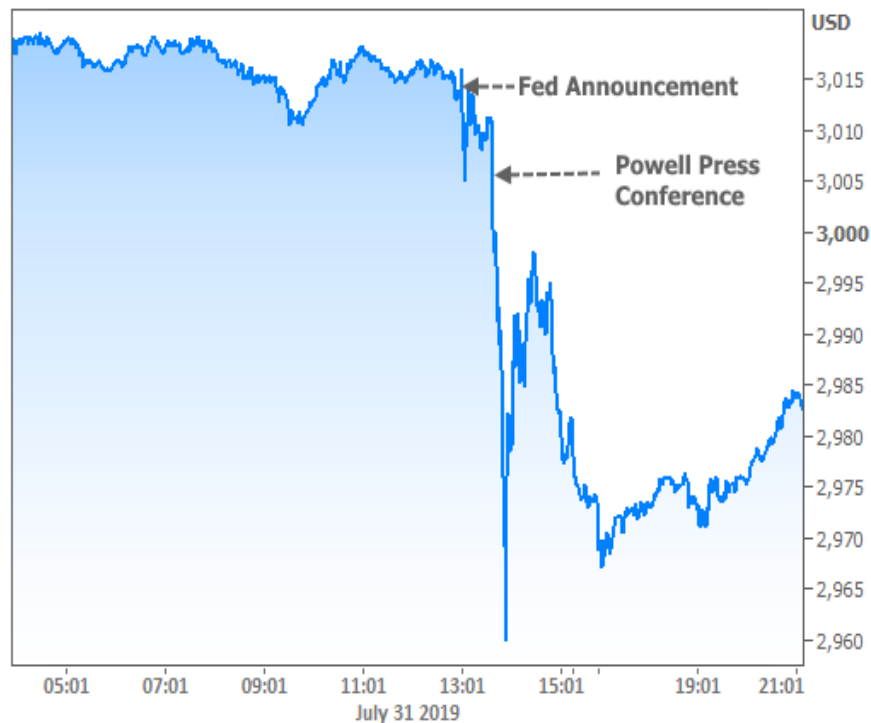
|                     |        | Value | Change |
|---------------------|--------|-------|--------|
| Mortgage Apps       | Oct 21 | 195   | +3.39% |
| Building Permits    | Sep    | 1.4M  | +0.43% |
| Housing Starts      | Sep    | 1.22M | -4.24% |
| New Home Sales      | Sep    | 676K  | -1.17% |
| Pending Home Sales  | Aug    | 71.2  | 0%     |
| Existing Home Sales | Oct    | 3.99M | +0.25% |
| Builder Confidence  | Oct    | 29    | -9.38% |

Rates Move Before Fed



To emphasize the point in even simpler terms, consider that stocks **LOST** ground after the Fed announcement, even though Fed rate cuts are considered to be a good thing for stocks. Like mortgage rates, stocks already had plenty of time to **PRICE-IN** the Fed's move. That left Wednesday for them to react to other information from the Fed. Specifically, they were a bit disappointed that Powell didn't do more to offer assurances about additional cuts. That's why we saw the lion's share of market movement after Powell's press conference at 2:30pm ET as opposed to the rate announcement at 2pm ET.

S&amp;P Futures

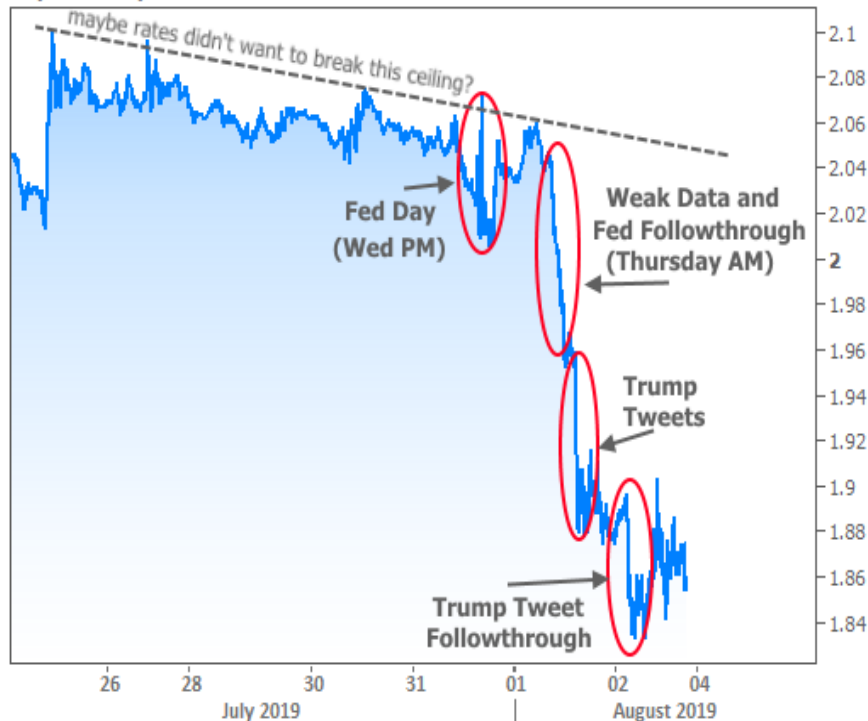


That means, all other things being equal, if the Fed were to say "we're done cutting for now and will keep rates at these levels for the next 6 months," you'd see an **immediate and rather large** move **higher** in rates. In other words, markets were already counting on another 1-2 Fed rate cuts simply to sustain the low rates that are **already** here. By the end of the week, however, speculators were betting on another 2-3 cuts! What's up with that?

### 3 words: Trump Tariff Tweets.

As we've seen on numerous occasions in 2019, when Trump unexpectedly announces new tariffs on China (or Mexico) via Twitter, markets react in a major way. Timing was a factor this week as the tweets followed a Manufacturing report that was gloomy enough **without** another batch of tariffs to worry about. Trading positions are also more susceptible to surprises on the day after a Fed day. Regardless, every escalation of trade war rhetoric increases the odds that the Fed will need to cut rates deeper to promote continued economic expansion.

10yr Treasury Yield



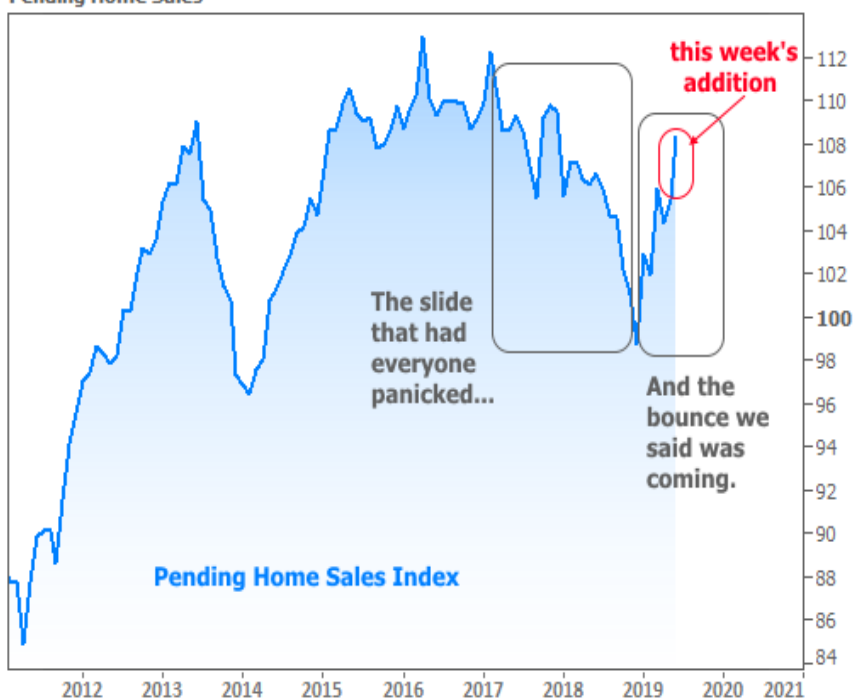
If that looks like a fairly significant drop in rates, **it is!** The following chart does a better job conveying the size. Each "candlestick" represents a week of trading in 10yr Treasury yields (the benchmark for longer-term rates, such as mortgages). Orange candlesticks mean rates moved higher; blue = lower. For the record, **you'd have to go back to 2012** to see a week where rates fell farther!

10yr Treasury Yield



Low rates don't singlehandedly prop up the housing market, but they definitely help. That was part of the rationale in last week's newsletter which pushed back on recent news headlines calling the **health of the housing market** into question (revisit it [HERE](#) if you like). Now this week, we have the most recent Pending Home Sales report, which is an advance indicator of Existing Home Sales--by far the biggest component of the housing market. I'll let the chart do most of the talking. Let's just say, if you're a regular reader of my newsletters, this is exactly how this summer was supposed to go.

Pending Home Sales



Subscribe to my newsletter online at: <http://mortgagenewsletters.org/schristenot>

## Recent Economic Data

| Date                     | Event                                         | Actual           | Forecast | Prior  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|------------------|----------|--------|
| <b>Tuesday, Jul 30</b>   |                                               |                  |          |        |
| 8:30AM                   | Jun Core PCE Inflation (y/y) (%)              | +1.6             | 1.7      | 1.6    |
| 9:00AM                   | May CaseShiller 20 yy (%)                     | 2.4              | 2.4      | 2.5    |
| 10:00AM                  | Jun Pending Sales Index                       | 108.3            |          | 105.4  |
| 10:00AM                  | Jul Consumer confidence                       | 135.7            | 125.0    | 121.5  |
| 10:00AM                  | Jun Pending Home Sales (%)                    | +2.8             | 0.5      | 1.1    |
| <b>Wednesday, Jul 31</b> |                                               |                  |          |        |
| 7:00AM                   | w/e MBA Purchase Index                        | 253.0            |          | 260.8  |
| 7:00AM                   | w/e Mortgage Refinance Index                  | 1791.2           |          | 1789.8 |
| 8:15AM                   | Jul ADP National Employment (k)               | 156              | 150      | 102    |
| 9:45AM                   | Jul Chicago PMI                               | 44.4             | 50.6     | 49.7   |
| 2:00PM                   | N/A FOMC rate decision (%)                    | 2.000 -<br>2.250 | 2.125    | 2.375  |
| 2:31PM                   | Powell Press Conference                       |                  |          |        |
| <b>Thursday, Aug 01</b>  |                                               |                  |          |        |
| 8:30AM                   | w/e Jobless Claims (k)                        | 215              | 214      | 207    |
| 10:00AM                  | Jul ISM Manufacturing PMI                     | 51.2             | 52.0     | 51.7   |
| 10:00AM                  | Jun Construction spending (%)                 | -1.3             | 0.3      | -0.8   |
| <b>Friday, Aug 02</b>    |                                               |                  |          |        |
| 8:30AM                   | Jul Non-farm payrolls (k)                     | 164              | 164      | 224    |
| 8:30AM                   | Jul Unemployment rate mm (%)                  | 3.7              | 3.7      | 3.7    |
| 10:00AM                  | Jul Consumer Sentiment (ip)                   | 98.4             | 98.5     | 98.4   |
| 10:00AM                  | Jul Consumer Inflation Expectations (1yr) (%) | 2.6              |          | 2.6    |
| 10:00AM                  | Jul Consumer Inflation Expectations (5yr) (%) | 2.5              |          | 2.6    |
| 10:00AM                  | Jun Factory orders mm (%)                     | 0.6              | 0.8      | -0.7   |
| <b>Monday, Aug 05</b>    |                                               |                  |          |        |
| 10:00AM                  | Jul ISM N-Mfg PMI                             | 53.7             | 55.5     | 55.1   |
| <b>Tuesday, Aug 06</b>   |                                               |                  |          |        |
| 1:00PM                   | 3-Yr Note Auction (bl)                        | 38               |          |        |
| <b>Wednesday, Aug 07</b> |                                               |                  |          |        |
| 7:00AM                   | w/e Mortgage Refinance Index                  | 2003.0           |          | 1791.2 |
| 7:00AM                   | w/e MBA Purchase Index                        | 247.9            |          | 253.0  |
| <b>Thursday, Aug 08</b>  |                                               |                  |          |        |
| 8:30AM                   | w/e Jobless Claims (k)                        | 209              | 215      | 217    |
| 10:00AM                  | Jun Wholesale inventories mm (%)              | 0.0              | 0.2      | 0.2    |
| <b>Friday, Aug 09</b>    |                                               |                  |          |        |

## Event Importance:

No Stars = Insignificant

☆ Low

★ Moderate

★★ Important

★★★ Very Important

| Date              | Event                           | Actual | Forecast | Prior |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|--------|----------|-------|
| 8:30AM            | Jul Core Producer Prices YY (%) | 2.1    | 2.4      | 2.3   |
| Wednesday, Oct 09 |                                 |        |          |       |
| 1:00PM            | 10-yr Note Auction (bl)         | 24     |          |       |
| Thursday, Oct 10  |                                 |        |          |       |
| 1:00PM            | 30-Yr Bond Auction (bl)         | 16     |          |       |

## About Your Los Angeles Mortgage Broker

Shannon's expertise in residential mortgage lending spans more than 20 years. Beginning on the ground floor of the wholesale side of lending, Shannon subsequently succeeded as a loan officer, account manager, and account executive while working for one of the nation's largest mortgage lenders. In contrast to those who chose to leave the mortgage industry when the Los Angeles housing market began to spiral in 2008; Shannon's passion for helping others to become homeowners remained firmly intact. In fact the changes in the market and new lending laws made her want to help homebuyers to navigate the new rules of real estate lending more than ever. As such, she chose to transition to the retail side of real estate financing in effort to work closer with families, veterans, and those who had previous financial hardships to achieve their goals of home ownership. As a homeowner and real estate investor, Shannon's personal experience in obtaining mortgage loans for her own purchases is extensive. She has bought and sold multiple properties and continues to invest in real estate throughout Los Angeles County. Shannon's specialization and breadth of experience in real estate purchase loans enables her to offer standard/conventional loans, government loans, hard money loans, and specialty/portfolio products.

**Shannon Christenot**

