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Rates Caught a Big Break From This Week's Inflation Reports

It was an eventful week for mortgage rates and the bond market, but ultimately a decent one. Monday's rates matched the highest levels in nearly a year, but by Friday, we were actually just a hair lower versus last Friday. Here's how we got there.

Following news of more U.S. air strikes in Iran, fuel prices jumped higher on Monday. As has been the case for much of July, higher oil/gas/diesel puts upward pressure on rates via inflation implications (because rates are driven by bonds and bonds hate inflation).

Coincidentally, Tuesday and Wednesday were set to offer two major updates on inflation via the government's Consumer and Producer Price Indices (CPI and PPI). Fed Governor Christopher Waller added to the tension by saying the Fed would need to consider raising rates "in the near term" if those reports came in hot.

Waller's comments represented the first major dose of forward guidance from a Fed official since Warsh took the helm. Warsh has repeatedly expressed his intent to minimize forward guidance from the Fed. As such, the candor and content of Waller's comments had a bigger impact than they otherwise might have if multiple Fed speakers had been making similar comments over the past few weeks. Simply put, it led the market to price in the highest odds of a Fed rate hike since the week of the last Fed announcement in mid June.

Thankfully, the inflation reports pushed back in the other direction, and forcefully! Data's impact on bonds is almost always driven by the gap between the median professional forecast and the actual results. The key metric in Tuesday's Consumer Price Index (CPI) fell farther below that forecast than any other CPI release in more than a year. Other components of the data were similarly below forecasts.

The following day, the Producer Price Index (PPI) put on a similar show with a much bigger drop than expected. Additionally, there was also a substantial downward revision to the previous report. All told, annual PPI ended up an entire 1.0% lower than initially reported last month.

National Average Mortgage Rates



	Rate	Change	Points
Mortgage News Daily			
30YR Fixed	7.27%	-0.02	0.00
15YR Fixed	6.92%	-0.03	0.00
30YR FHA	6.90%	-0.01	0.00
30YR Jumbo	7.55%	0.00	0.00
7/6 SOFR	6.78%	-0.10	0.00
30YR VA	6.91%	-0.01	0.00

Rates as of: 10/30

MBS and Treasury

	Price / Yield	Change
MBS UMBS 6.0	99.81	-0.02
10 YR Treasury	4.9299	+0.0084
30 YR Treasury	5.3082	+0.0081

Pricing as of: 10/30 5:59PM EST

Recent Housing Data

		Value	Change
Mortgage Apps	Oct 21	195	+3.39%
Building Permits	Sep	1.4M	+0.43%
Housing Starts	Sep	1.22M	-4.24%
New Home Sales	Sep	676K	-1.17%
Pending Home Sales	Aug	71.2	0%
Existing Home Sales	Oct	3.99M	+0.25%
Builder Confidence	Oct	29	-9.38%

After both of the inflation reports, the market reaction was immediately apparent--especially in terms of Fed rate hike expectations. Traders use Fed Fund Futures to bet directly on the level of the Fed Funds rate at various points in the future. Before Tuesday's data, traders saw the Fed Funds Rate just above 4% (effectively suggesting a 100% chance of a rate hike) by December. After Wednesday's PPI, that had fallen to 3.86% (effectively pricing out most of the risk of a 2026 rate hike).

As we often discuss, when the Fed actually hikes or cuts, it means almost nothing for longer-term rates like mortgages (it's old news by the time it happens). But changes in Fed hike/cut expectations have a big impact. This week was no exception. Longer term bonds like 10yr Treasuries and the bonds that underlie mortgage rates improved sharply--even if not quite as sharply as Fed Funds Futures. This resulted in the average top-tier 30yr fixed rate moving down roughly an eighth of a point between Monday and Friday.

The economic calendar is very light next week and the Fed will be in its blackout period ahead of the late-July announcement. That removes many of the usual scheduled sources of volatility, but war-related headlines remain capable of causing fuel price shocks that spill over into rates. Big moves in stocks could also cause spillover in the bond market in either direction (i.e. a big stock sell-off could help rates whereas a big stock bounce could pull rates a bit higher).

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Recent Economic Data

Date	Event	Actual	Forecast	Prior
Tuesday, Jul 14				
8:30AM	Jun m/m CORE CPI (%)	0%	0.2%	0.2%
8:30AM	Jun y/y CORE CPI (%)	2.6%	2.8%	2.9%
Wednesday, Jul 15				
8:30AM	Jun Core PPI m/m (%)	0.2%	0.4%	0.4%
8:30AM	Jun Core PPI y/y (%)	4.7%	5.2%	4.9%
Thursday, Jul 16				
8:30AM	Jul/11 Jobless Claims (k)	208K	217K	215K
8:30AM	Jul Philly Fed Business Index	41.4	13	10.3
8:30AM	Jun Retail Sales (%)	0.2%	0.2%	0.9%
10:00AM	Jul NAHB housing market indx	34	35	35
10:00AM	Jun Pending Home Sales (%)	-5.4%	-0.5%	3.8%
Friday, Jul 17				
8:30AM	Jun Housing starts number mm (ml)	1.427M	1.31M	1.177M
8:30AM	Jun Import prices mm (%)	0.3%	-0.7%	1.9%
10:00AM	Jul Consumer Sentiment (ip)	54.4	51	49.5

Event Importance:

- No Stars = Insignificant
- ☆ Low
- ★ Moderate
- ★★ Important
- ★★★ Very Important

About Your Los Angeles Mortgage Broker

Shannon's expertise in residential mortgage lending spans more than 20 years. Beginning on the ground floor of the wholesale side of lending, Shannon subsequently succeeded as a loan officer, account manager, and account executive while working for one of the nation's largest mortgage lenders. In contrast to those who chose to leave the mortgage industry when the Los Angeles housing market began to spiral in 2008; Shannon's passion for helping others to become homeowners remained firmly intact. In fact the changes in the market and new lending laws made her want to help homebuyers to navigate the new rules of real estate lending more than ever. As such, she chose to transition to the retail side of real estate financing in effort to work closer with families, veterans, and those who had previous financial hardships to achieve their goals of home ownership. As a homeowner and real estate investor, Shannon's personal experience in obtaining mortgage loans for her own purchases is extensive. She has bought and sold multiple properties and continues to invest in real estate throughout Los Angeles County. Shannon's specialization and breadth of experience in real estate purchase loans enables her to offer standard/conventional loans, government loans, hard money loans, and specialty/portfolio products.

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